

BLENDED PRODUCTS WORKSHOP – INTRODUCTION AND LOGISTICS

Ralph Ferraro, NESDIS/STAR Ralph.R.Ferraro@noaa.gov



OBJECTIVES AND OUTCOMES

Workshop Objectives:

- Determine the current status of various schemes used to blend operational products at various time and space scales
- Determine emerging, new techniques being tested through new products from the JPSS PGRR program
- Identify common tools and their potential use in NESDIS enterprise systems

Expected Outcomes:

- A white paper on the current status of JPSS blended products and future development strategy
- Identify synergies with ongoing NESDIS Enterprise products



AGENDA

Auditorium: Blen	ded Products Workshop		
Time	Presentations / Topics	Speaker	Affiliation
0845 - 0920	Session 1 - Introduction	CHAIR - Ralph Ferraro, Lihang Zhou	NESDIS/STAR
845 - 855	Introduction and Logistics	Ralph Ferraro	STAR
855 - 905	Objectives and Goals	Mitch Goldberg	JPSS
905 - 920	Current Operational NESDIS Blended Products and emerging PGRR Products	Limin Zhao	OSPO
0920 - 1000	Session 2 - Blending Tools	CHAIR - Ingrid Guch, Tom Smith	Aerospace; NESDIS/STAR
920 - 940	Commonly used Blending Techniques	Tom Smith/STAR	STAR
940 - 1000	Gap filling methods - DIN EOF	Xiaoming Liu	STAR
1000	Break		
1015 - 1115	Session 3 - Composite Products	CHAIR - Huan Meng, John Forsythe	NESDIS/STAR; CIRA
1015 - 1035	Blended Ozone	Flynn/Kapoor	STAR/OSPO
1035 - 1055	Blended Biomass Burning	Kondragunta/Ding	STAR/OSPO
1055 - 1115	Multi-Platform TC surface winds	Knaff/Ma	STAR/OSPO
1115 - 1215	Session 4 - PDF matching and OI Products	CHAIR - Nai-Yu Wang, Sean Helfrich	
1115 - 1135	Soil Moisture	Zhan/Zhao	STAR/OSPO
1135 - 1155	IMS	Helfrich/Romanov/Woods	STAR/CUNY/OS
1155 - 1215	Blended SST	Maturi/Sapper	STAR/OSPO
1215 - 1330	LUNCH - Possible brown bag seminar?		
1330 - 1510	Session 5 - Other/Advanced Techniques	CHAIR - Limin Zhao, Tony Wimmers	OSPO/CIMSS
1330 - 1350	Multisensor Sea Ice Motion and Concentration	Jeff Key, Aaron Letterly	STAR, CIMSS
1350 - 1410	MIMIC	Tony Wimmers	CIMSS
1410 - 1430	CMORPH	Pingping Xie	NWS/NCEP/CPC
1430 - 1450	Multisatellite Water Vapor and Rain Rates	John Forsythe	CIRA
1450 - 1510	Flooding from VIIRS and ABI	Sanmei Li	GMU
1510 - 1530	Break		
1530 - 1700	Session 6 - Topical Discussions/Common Threads	CHAIR - Lihang Zhou, Ralph Ferraro	STAR
1530 - 1645	Discussions		
1645	Action Items, next steps, etc.		

We chose a wide array of products, but we could not include them all...



LOGISTICS

- We have coffee
- Vending
- Restrooms
- Wireless umd network; Username: jpssws; password: rtubbacoponp (all lower case)
- Lunch on your own/Lunch Talk
- Stay for the discussion session!



Discussion Topics

- Any common methods/tools that could be used for:
 - Baseline products
 - Emerging/PGRR products
 - Ripe for the Enterprise Product System?
- What is best path forward to compare impact of various blending schemes – a testbed of sorts?
- What is the 'low hanging fruit'?
- Possible future improvements for end-users' needs
 - Data Formats
 - NetCDF, GeoTiff, etc.
 - Latency
 - Resolution
- Next steps; what would be a good platform to keep the dialogue continuing?



BACKUP

Some Attributes of Blended Products



- Considered as "L3"; use L2 products as input
 - Quality of L3 dependent on quality of L2!
- Highly desirable by NESDIS operations and end users
 - Optimizes computer resources for producer and user
 - Puts quality burden on producer and not user
- There is a "normalization" process
 - Each L2 could have different attributes
 - Native spatial resolution; Latency; Errors
 - Observation frequency of various sensors used
 - Scan geometry/biases
 - Generally, each L2 is "adjusted" to a reference
 - Highest quality L2, independent data, human eye (IMS), etc.
 - For some products, weights assigned to each L2 that factor in error attributes
 - End usage also dictates how the normalization is done
 - AWIPS/image products
 - Input to NWP or Hydrological Models
 - Global vs. Regional





NESDIS Operational Blended Products

Limin Zhao
NOAA/NESDIS/OSPO
August 30, 2018



Operational Blended Products Team



Products	OSPO/STAR Leads
bTPW - Blended Total Precipitable Water; bRR – Blended Rain Rate	Limin Zhao/Ralph Ferraro
eTRaP - Ensemble Tropical Rainfall Potential (eTRaP)	Liqun Ma/Bob Kuligowski
GHE - Global Hydro-Estimator	Limin Zhao/Bob Kuligowski
SMOPS - Soil Moisture Operational Products System	Limin Zhao/Xiwu Zhan
MTCSWA - Multiplatform Tropical Cyclone Surface Wind Analysis	Liqun Ma/John Knaff
Blended SST – Blended Sea Surface Temperature	John Sapper/Eileen Maturi
GBBEPx - Blended Global Biomass Burning Emissions Product	Hanjun Ding/Shobha Kondragunta
TOAST – Total Ozone Analysis; Enhanced TOAST – Enhanced Total Ozone Analysis	Vaishali Kapoor/ Larry Flynn
IMS – Interactive Multi-sensor Snow and Ice Mapping System	John Woods/Sean Helfrich
ADT - Advanced Dvorak Technique	Liqun Ma/Jeff Key
HMS – Hazard Mapping System	Zhaohui Cheng/Wilfrid Schroeder
GOES/POES Arctic Composites Imagery Products	Hanjun Ding/Jeff Key
Global Mosaic of Geostationary Satellite Imagery (GMGSI)	John Paquette/Ken Pryor



Outlines



- Requirements
- Attributes of Blended Products
- Current Operational Capability
 - Data Source for the Blended Products
 - Blending Approach
 - Products Information
 - Examples
- Data Access
- Path Forward



Requirements



User Requests

- SPSRB User Requests
- NESDIS Internal SAB Requests
- Undocumented Grandfather User Requests

JPSS Requirements

- L1RDS-2260
 - The JPSS shall support modifications to ESPC blended products.
- JERD-2335
 - The NESDIS ESPC shall incorporate JPSS and GCOM-W data into the blended satellite products identified in Appendix D.



JPSS Supported Blended Products



Blended Products	Priority	OPS Status
Blended Sea Surface Temperature (with VIIRS)	Critical	S-NPP
Blended Sea Surface Temperature (with AMSR2)	Critical	
Blended Biomass Burning (with VIIRS)	Supplemental High	S-NPP
Blended Snow Cover (with VIIRS)	Supplemental High	S-NPP
Blended Snow Cover (with AMSR2)	Supplemental High	
Blended Rainfall Rate (with ATMS)	Supplemental High	S-NPP
Blended Rainfall Rate (with AMSR2)	Supplemental High	GCOM-W1
Blended Total Precipitable Water (with ATMS)	Supplemental High	S-NPP
Blended Total Precipitable Water (with AMSR2)	Supplemental High	GCOM-W1
Blended Ozone (with OMPS NP)	Supplemental High	S-NPP
Blended Ozone (with OMPS CrIS)	Supplemental High	S-NPP
Blended Soil Moisture (with AMSR2)	Supplemental High	GCOM-W1
Blended Land Surface Temperature (with VIIRS)	Supplemental Low	
Blended Tropical Cyclone Surface Wind Analysis (with ATMS)	Supplemental High	S-NPP
Advanced Dvorak Technique (with AMSR-2)	Supplemental High	GCOM-W1



Attributes of Blended Products (1/2)



Unified products

- From multiple resources, including satellites/sensors/algorithms
- Much better spatial and temporal resolution than any individual L2 product
- Analyzed product from available individual L2 products

Value added L3 product

- Gridded products, either horizontal or vertical
- With quality dependency on the L2 products used

Highly desirable by NESDIS operations and end users

- Optimizes computer resources for both producer and user
- Puts quality burden of L2 products on producer not user



Attributes of Blended Products (2/2)



Common Features

- Normalization/Calibration Process
 - Each L2 could have different attributes
 - » Native spatial resolution; Latency; Observation frequency; Scan geometry/biases, Algorithm biases, etc
 - Generally, each L2 is "adjusted" to a reference
 - » Highest quality L2; independent data, such as, climate data; human experience and expertise (IMS, HMS), etc.
 - End usage of the blended products could dictate how the normalization is done
 - » AWIPS/image products; Input to NWP or Hydrological Models; Global vs. Regional
- Merging Algorithm
 - Overlay
 - » Latest; closest; most accurate
 - Average/Weighted Average
 - Comprehensive Objective Analysis
 - » Error attributes; Time latency, etc.



Current Operational Capability - Overview



ellites/Sensors -18, NOAA-19, Metop-A and Metop-B, GOES-W, GPS-Met, DMSP F17&F18, II-W1, GPM and S-NPP -18, NOAA-19, Metop-A and Metop-B, DMSP F17&F18, GCOM-W1, GPM and S-II8, NOAA-19, Metop-B, DMSP 17&18, GOES-W, Meteosat-8, Meteosat-11, vari-8 -A/-B, SMOS, SMAP, GCOM, GPM -15/-16, Meteosat-8, Meteosat-11, Himawari-8	Products Global TPW map; Percentage of TPW normal Global Rain Rate map Ensemble forecast of 6~24-hour rainfall potential for tropical systems Global soil moisture map
I-W1, GPM and S-NPP -18, NOAA-19, Metop-A and Metop-B, DMSP F17&F18, GCOM-W1, GPM and S- -18, NOAA-19, Metop-B, DMSP 17&18, GOES-W, Meteosat-8, Meteosat-11, vari-8 -A/-B, SMOS, SMAP, GCOM, GPM	Global Rain Rate map Ensemble forecast of 6~24-hour rainfall potential for tropical systems
-18, NOAA-19, Metop-B, DMSP 17&18, GOES-W, Meteosat-8, Meteosat-11, vari-8 -A/-B, SMOS, SMAP, GCOM, GPM	Ensemble forecast of 6-24-hour rainfall potential for tropical systems
vari-8 -A/-B, SMOS, SMAP, GCOM, GPM	
	Global soil moisture map
-15/-16, Meteosat-8, Meteosat-11, Himawari-8	
	Global rainfall estimate with different temporal scale
-B/AVHRR, S-NPP/VIIRS, GOES-E&-W/Imager, Meteosat-11/SEVIRI and vari-8/AHI	Global Sea Surface Temperature
-W/lmager, EOS-Terra/MODIS, EOS-Aqua/MODIS, S-NPP	Daily global biomass burning emissions
-15, NOAA-18, NOAA-19, Metop-A, S-NPP	Six-hourly estimates of tropical cyclone wind fields
-19/SBUV-2 and Metop-B/TOVS	Total ozone map
-19/SBUV/2 and S-NPP/CrlS	Total Ozone map
-15/-18/19, Metop-A/-B, S-NPP, F18, Aqua/TERRA, Meteosat-11, Himawari-8, -W	Snow and Ice cover maps
-15/-16, Meteosat-8, Meteosat-11, Himawari-8, F15/F17/F18, GCOM, GPM	A computer-based objective algorithm to estimate tropical cyclone (TC) intensity
-15/-18/-19, Metop-A/-B, S-NPP, Aqua/TERRA, GOES-15/-16	A visualization and editing GUI system/tool that allows interactive human analysis on fire and smoke from multi-sensors/satellites
-18&-19, Metop-A/-B, S-NPP, Aqua/TERRA, GOES-15, Meteosat-11, Himawari-8	Hourly GOES/POES composite image over arctic
-15/-16, Meteosat-11, Himawari-8	Nearly no-gap geostationary image over global
-15, -19, -15, -15,	is, NOAA-18, NOAA-19, Metop-A, S-NPP I/SBUV-2 and Metop-B/TOVS I/SBUV/2 and S-NPP/CrIS I/-18/19, Metop-A/-B, S-NPP, F18, Aqua/TERRA, Meteosat-11, Himawari-8, I/-16, Meteosat-8, Meteosat-11, Himawari-8, F15/F17/F18, GCOM, GPM I/-18/-19, Metop-A/-B, S-NPP, Aqua/TERRA, GOES-15/-16

More details https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1qiHXNrKY0JgnvyQhoUWOZ7qG9R6q1VUn?ogsrc=32



Blended TPW Products



Overview

- Unified, meteorologically significant TPW global maps, which merge the TPW retrievals from various satellites/algorithms.
- PDF matching; Latest retrievals (overlay)

Data Source

- Over Ocean
 - MiRS TPW from NOAA -18/-19 and Metop-A/-B, F17, F18, S-NPP, GPM
 - GAASP TPW from GCOM-W1

Over Land

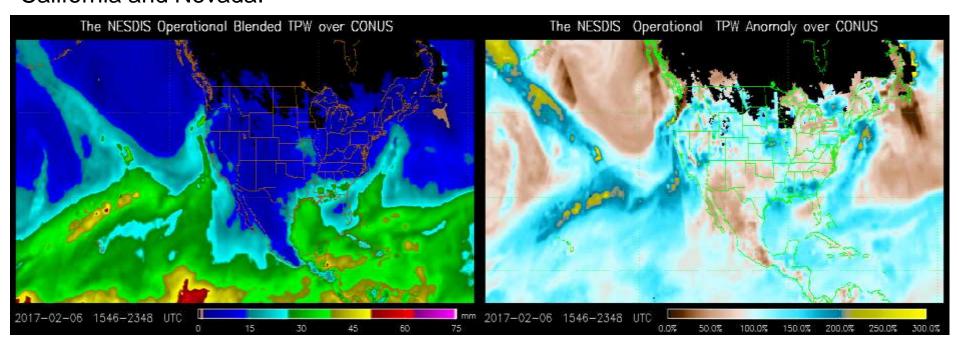
- GPS-Met over CONUS, Alaska and Hawaii primary data source over CONUS
- MIRS TPW from NOAA-18/-19 and Metop-A/-B, F17, F18, S-NPP, GPM over CONUS when GPS is not available, and also over other Landmass
- GOES-W over CONUS used to fill the hole when no GPS and MIRS TPW are available
- Products: TPW, Percentage of Normal TPW; 16x16km; Hourly
- Formats: HDF-EOS, McIDAS area and AWIPS; netCDF4 available in near future
- Data Access: PDA, ADDE and AWIPS
- The imagery products are also available on the Internet through: http://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Products/bTPW/index.html
 - **Animation** Near-real time loops of blended TPW and PCT available over 16 AOI regions for zoom in details with time interval of 1 hour, 3, 6, 12 and 24 hours
- POCs: Limin Zhao and Ralph Ferraro



Example of Blended TPWs



The blended TPW has been used, together with the percentage of normal TPW, by satellite analysts and forecasters to improve analysis and prediction of heavy precipitation and flash flood, and also monitoring the "atmospheric rivers" (ARs). Here shows the animation of bTPW and PCT for a heavy rain event during Feb 6~9, 2017, when an atmospheric river event brought a prolonged period of moderate to heavy rain to portions of northern California on Feb 6. That rain, combined with snowmelt in some areas, brought flooding and several mudslides to parts of California and Nevada.





Blended Rain Rate



Product

- Unified global rainfall rate map generated from multi-satellites and multialgorithms
- PDF matching; Latest retrievals (overlay)

– Data Sources:

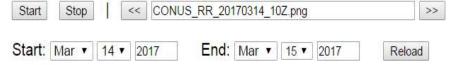
- AMSU RR from N18, N19 and Metop-A/-B with MiRS v11.2
- SSMIS RR from DMSP F17 and F18 with MiRS v11.2
- ATMS RR and GMI RR from S-NPP and GPM with MiRS v11.2
- AMSR2 RR from GCOM-W1 with GAASP/GPROF
- Products: Rain Rate; 16kmx16km; Hourly
- Formats: HDF-EOS, McIDAS and AWIPS; netCDF4 in near future
- Data Access: DDS/PDA, ADDE and AWIPS
- The imagery products are also available on the Internet through: http://www.osdpd.noaa.gov/Products/atmosphere/brr
- POCs: Limin Zhao and Ralph Ferraro

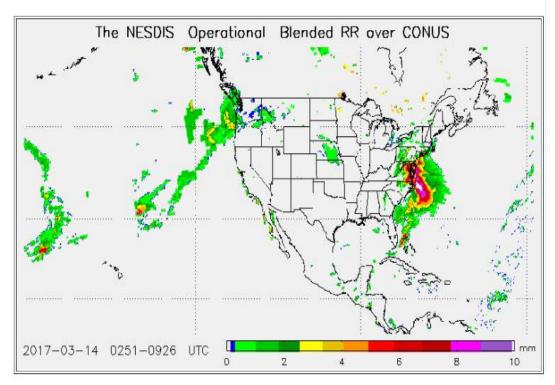


Blended Rain Rate



Operational Blended Rain Rate





Home

Algorithm Description

Product Animation:

Blended RR:

Global | CONUS | Super National | Africa | Asia | Atlantic | East Pacific | West Pacific | Central Pacific | North Pacific | Australia | Indian Ocean | South Pacific | East Asia | South Indian Ocean | Europe

QMORPH:

Global | CONUS | Super National | Africa | Asia | Atlantic | East Pacific | North Pacific | Australia | Indian Ocean | South Pacific | East Asia | South Indian Ocean | Europe

Validation

Gauge | Radar | QMORPH

Monitoring:

Products: Global | McIDAS | AWIPS

Processing | Timeliness

Test Data

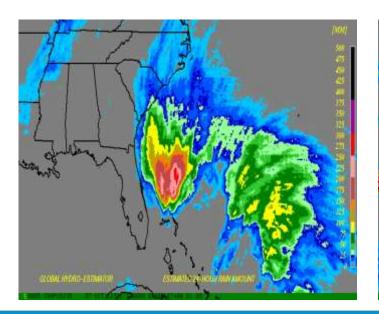


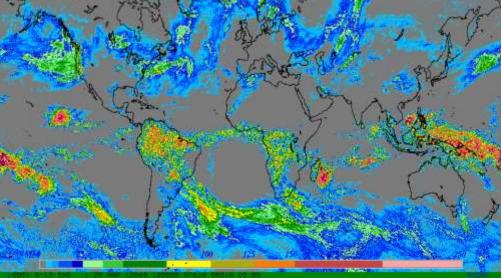
GHE



Overview:

- Global rainfall maps generated from multi-geostationary satellites
- Parallax Correction; Average
- Data Source: GOES-W/-E, Meteosat-8, Meteosat-11, Himawari-8
- Products: Instantaneous rain rate, 1 hour, 3 hour, 6 hour, 24 hour and also multi-day rainfall accumulation; 4 kmx4 km
- Format: GRIB2, McIDAS area and netCDF4
- Web Link: http://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Products/atmosphere/ghe
- Data Access POCs: Limin Zhao and Bob Kuligowski







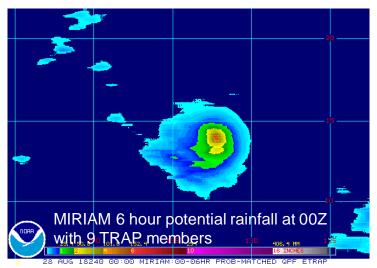
Ensemble Tropical Rainfall Potential (eTRaP)

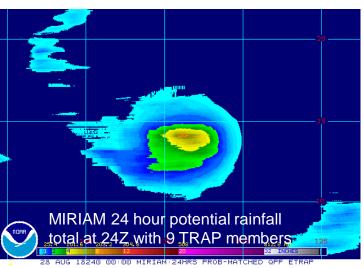


Overview

- Ensemble forecast of 6~24-hour rainfall potential for tropical systems based on extrapolation of satellite-derived rainfall rates along predicted storm track
- Weighted average rain rate from each member are weighted according to assigned weights

- Rainfall Rate from NOAA-18/-19 and Metop-A/-B, F17, F18, S-NPP, GOES-W/GOES-E, Meteosat-8, Meteosat-11, Himawari-8
- Products: Probability (PoP), Prob-Matched QPF (PMQPF) for 6 hour rainfall amount at 00Z, 06Z,
 12Z, 18Z and 24 hour rainfall total
- Format: ASCII, McIDAS Area and gifs
- Web Link: http://www.ssd.noaa.gov/PS/TROP/etrap.html
- Data Access POCs: Liqun Ma and Bob Kuligowski







Advanced Dvorak Technique (ADT)



Overview

- A computer-based objective algorithm to estimate tropical cyclone (TC) intensity
- PMW is used to adjust the intensity estimates derived from Geostationary satellites

- GOES-15/-16, Meteosat-8, Meteosat-11, Himawari-8, GCOM-W1, GPM, F15, F17, F18
- Products: TC intensity estimate, location and 2D surface wind field and analysis image, etc. for each storm analysis; Storm images, etc.
- Format: ASCII, ATCF and gif
- Web Link
 - <u>http://www.ssd.noaa.gov/PS/TROP/adt.html</u>
- Data Access POCs: Liqun Ma and Jeff Key



Global Mosaic of Geostationary Satellite Imagery (GMGSI)



Overview

- Nearly no-gap global mosaic imagery of channel brightness temperatures from multi-geostationary satellites/sensors
- Within 3 hour window from nearest and latest retrievals

- GOES-15/-16, Meteosat-11, Himawari-8
- Products: VIS, SWIR, LWIR; 3-Hourly; 8km; ~30min
- Format: netCDF4, McIDAS Area
- Web Link
 - https://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Products/imagery/index.html
- Data Access POCs: John Paquette and Ken Pryor



GOES/POES Arctic Composites Imagery Products (GPACIP)



Overview

- Nearly no-gap mosaic imagery of channel brightness temperatures over arctic from multi-satellites/sensors
- Within one hour window and nearest retrievals

- NOAA-18&-19, Metop-A/-B, S-NPP, Aqua/TERRA, GOES-15, Meteosat-11, Himawari-8
- Products: Infrared (~11.0 μm), Shortwave Infrared (~3.8 μm),
 Longwave Infrared (~12.0 μm), Water Vapor (~6.7 μm), and Visible (~0.6 μm); Hourly
- Format: McIDAS Area and gif
- Web Link
 - https://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Products/imagery/arctic/
- Data Access POCs: Hanjun Ding and Jeff Key



Hazard Mapping System(HMS)



Overview

- An interactive multiplatform remote sensing approach to detecting fires and smoke
- The GUI tool for analyst to make use of derived fire and smoke products from multi-satellites with ability to delete or edit any fire hot spots and smoke polygon
- Data Resource: NOAA-15/-18/-19, Metop-A/-B, S-NPP, Aqua/TERRA, GOES-15/-16
- Products: Analyst derived fire hot spots and smoke products
- Format: netCDF4,JPEG, Shapefile, KML and ASCII
- Web Link
 - https://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Products/land/hms.html
- Data Access POCs: Zhaohui Cheng and Wilfrid Schroeder



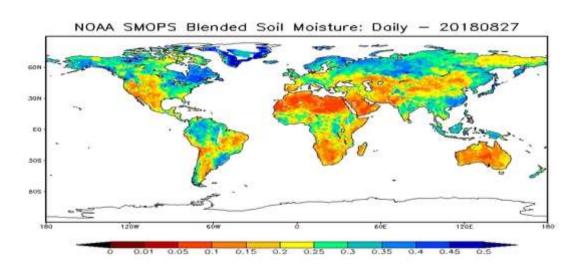
SMOPS



Overview

- Global soil moisture map generated from multi-satellites and/or –algorithms
- CDF matching; Average

- Metop-A/-B, SMOS, SMAP, GCOM, GPM
- Products: 0.25x0.25 degree; 6 hourly, Daily
- Format: GRIB2 and netCDF4
- Web Link
 - http://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Products/land/smops
- Data Access POCs: Limin Zhao and Xiwu Zhan





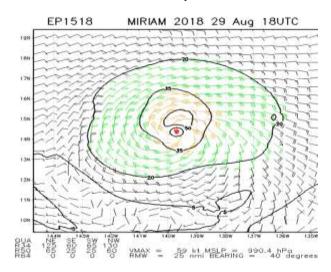
Multiplatform Tropical Cyclone Surface Winds Analysis (MTCSWA)

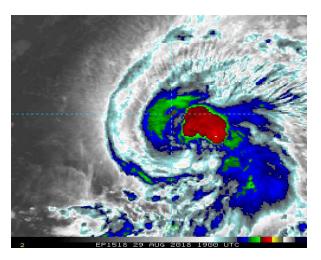


Overview

- Six-hourly estimates of tropical cyclone wind fields based on a variety of satellite-based winds and wind proxies.
- Objective analysis based upon the model-fitting approach with smoothness constraints

- NOAA-15, NOAA-18, NOAA-19, Metop-A/-B, S-NPP
- Products: TC surface wind analysis of 34-kt, 50-kt, 64-kt and maximum wind radii at 3-hour interval; 10km
- Format: netCDF4, ATCF, gif
- Web Link: http://www.ssd.noaa.gov/PS/TROP/mtcswa.html
- Data Access POCs: Liqun Ma and John Knaff







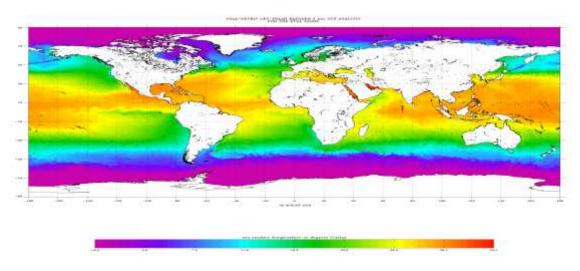
Blended SST



Overview

- Global Sea Surface Temperature daily map generated from Polar- and Geo-Satellites
- Optimal Interpolation (OI) according to error statistics

- Metop-B/AVHRR, S-NPP/VIIRS, GOES-W/Imager, Meteosat-11/SEVIRI and Himawari-8/AHI
- Products: Global (Day/Night, Night only) and AOI regional (15) SST maps; 0.05°(~ 5km); Daily
- Web Link
 - http://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Products/ocean/sst/contour/index.html
- Data Access POCs: John Sapper and Eileen Maturi





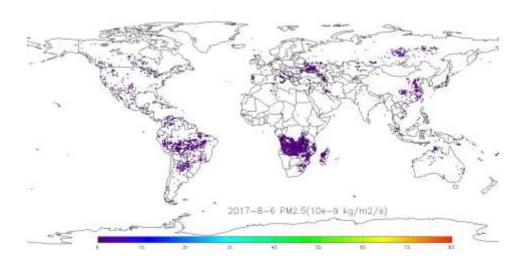
Blended Global Biomass Burning Emissions Product



Products:

 The GBBEPx produces daily global biomass burning emissions (PM2.5, BC, CO, CO2, OC, and SO2) released from wildfires using fire wildfires power retrieved from VIIRS, MODIS and Geostationary Satellites.

- GOES-E&-W, Meteosat-8, Meteosat-11, Himawari-8, Terra, Aqua, S-NPP
- Products: Daily emissions for PM2.5, CO, OC, BC, SO2, CO2, CH4, Nox, NMHC, NH3; 0.25 degreex0.325degree
- Web Link
 - http://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Products/land/gbbepx/
- Data Access POCs: Hanjun Ding and Shobha Kondragunta





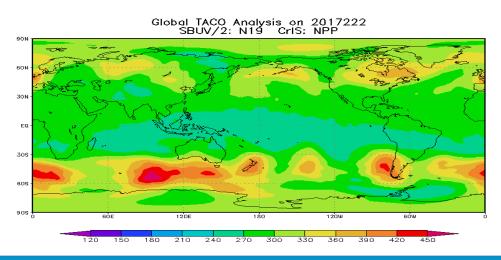
ETOAST



- Products:

- Near real-time operational ozone maps generated by combining UV and IR ozone retrievals generated using Total Ozone Analysis of Cross-track Infrared Sounder- CrIS (NPP) and Solar Backscatter UltraViolet Version 2 - SBUV/2 (N19), which is an enhancement to TOAST with a new algorithm.
- Objective Analysis

- NOAA-19/SBUV/2 and S-NPP/CrIS
- Products: Total ozone map; 1° x 1°; Daily
- Formats: GRIB, Binary and PNG
- Web Link: http://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Products/atmosphere/etoast/index.html
- Data Access POCs: Vaishali Kapoor and Larry Flynn





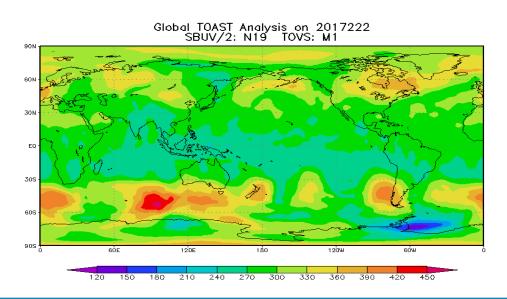
TOAST



– Products:

- Near real-time operational ozone maps generated by combining TOVS (MetOp-B) tropospheric and lower stratospheric (4 to 23 km) ozone retrievals with SBUV/2 (N19) spatially smoothed mid-to-upper stratospheric (24 to 54 km) layer ozone retrievals.
- Objective Analysis

- NOAA-19/SBUV-2 and Metop-B/TOVS
- Products: Total ozone map; 1° x 1°; Daily
- Formats: GRIB, Binary and PNG
- Web Link: http://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Products/atmosphere/toast/index.html
- Data Access POCs: Vaishali Kapoor and Larry Flynn





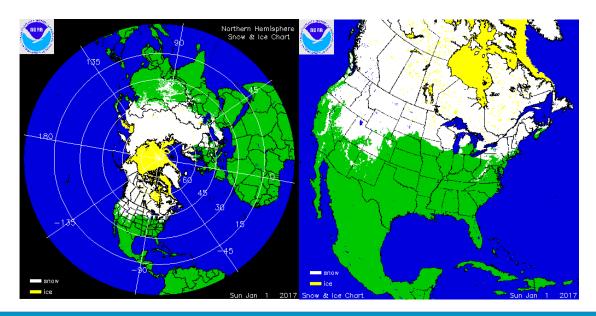
IMS



Overview

- Snow and Ice maps for the Northern Hemisphere derived from a variety of data products including imagery products from multi-satellites and in situ data.
- Analysis GUI with products available from multi-satellites, and other resources

- NOAA-18&-19, Metop-A, S-NPP, Aqua/TERRA, Radarsat-2, Meteosat-11, Himawari-8, DMSP 15, GOES-W, plus other data sources, such as radar, surface obs, Buoys, Models, etc.
- Products: 4 & 24km Northern Hemisphere Analysis; Snow&lce Cover; Daily
- Format: ASCII, BIN, GeoTiff, GRIB2
- Web Link: http://www.natice.noaa.gov/ims/ims_1.html
- Data Access POC: John Woods and Sean Helfreich





Data Access



- Real-time data access to ESPC PDA through Data Access Request(DAR):
 http://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Organization/About/access.html
- Historical data access through NOAA/CLASS/NCDC: <u>http://www.class.ngdc.noaa.gov/saa/products/welcome</u>
- Imagery Products through Internet:

ADT – http://www.ssd.noaa.gov/PS/TROP/adt.html
Blended RR – http://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Products/atmosphere/brr
Blended SST – http://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Products/ocean/sst/contour/index.html
Blended TPW – http://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Products/atmosphere/etoast/index.html
eTRaP – http://www.ospo.noaa.gov/PS/TROP/etrap.html
GBBEPx – http://www.ospo.noaa.gov/PS/TROP/etrap.html
GHE – https://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Products/land/gbbepx/
GHE – https://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Products/imagery/index.html
GPACIP – https://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Products/land/hms.html
IMS – http://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Ps/TROP/mtcswa.html
SMOPS – http://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Products/land/smops
TOAST – http://www.ospo.noaa.gov/Products/land/smops
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Questions/Comments: <u>Limin.Zhao @noaa.gov</u> and related-OSPO PALs



Path Forward



- Integrate the data from JPSS1/NOAA-20
 - A couple of products still need be updated to include GCOM-W1
- Integrate the data from GOES-17
 - A couple of products still need be updated to include GOES-16 products
- Update the merging algorithm to implement more quality controls and count the error statistics from each retrievals





Thank You